

専門基礎 A

A-1, **A-2**, **A-3**, **A-4**, **A-5**, **A-6**, **A-7**, **A-8**, **A-9** の9問から4問を選択して解答せよ。

Problem Set A

Choose and answer 4 questions out of **A-1**, **A-2**, **A-3**, **A-4**, **A-5**, **A-6**, **A-7**, **A-8**, and **A-9**.

A-1

下記のすべての問に答えよ。
Answer all the following questions.

- (1) 次の関数 $f(x)$ について以下の問に答えよ。
Answer the following questions with respect to function $f(x)$.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{1-x^2} + \arcsin x \quad (-1 \leq x \leq 1)$$

- (a) 導関数 $f'(x)$ を求めよ。
Derive the derivative $f'(x)$.
- (b) $f'(1)$ の値を求めよ。
Find the value $f'(1)$.
- (c) $f(x)$ の概形を図示せよ。
Sketch $f(x)$.

- (2) $y = x$ と $y = x^2$ の2つの曲線で囲まれる領域を D として、次の積分 I を求めよ。
Let D be the region that is enclosed by the two curves $y = x$ and $y = x^2$.
Evaluate the following integral I .

$$I = \iint_D x^2 + y^2 \, dx dy$$

- (3) 次の行列 A の固有値および固有ベクトルを求めよ。ただし x は実数とする。
Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the following matrix A , where x is a real number.

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} e^x & e^{-x} \\ e^{-x} & e^x \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(1) (a) \text{ Let } \arcsin x = y \Rightarrow x = \sin y$$

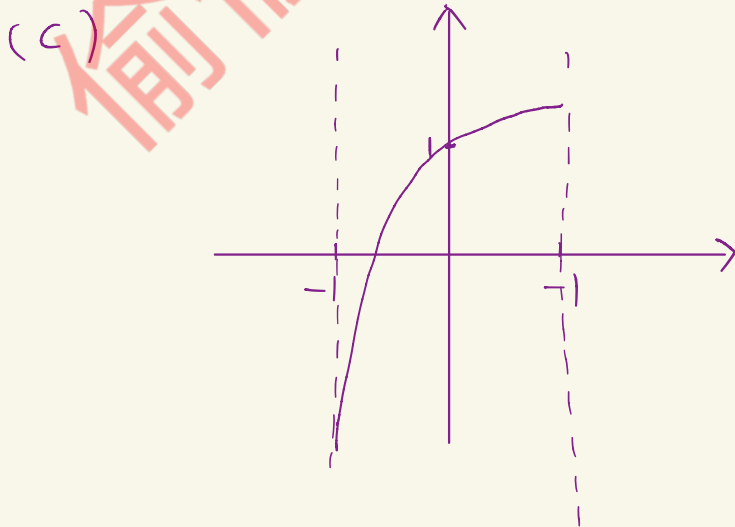
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{\frac{dx}{dy}} = \frac{1}{\cos y} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\sin^2 y}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

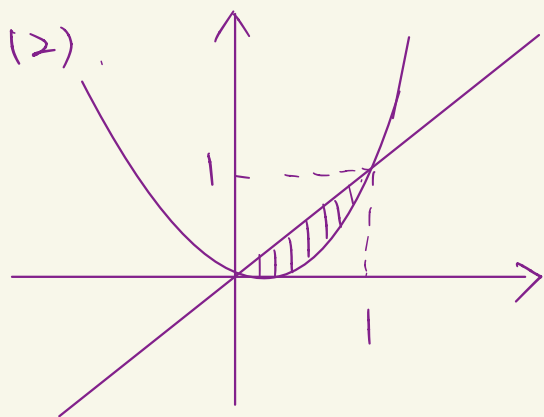
$$f'(x) = \frac{-x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}}, \quad -1 < x < 1$$

$$f'(x) = \begin{cases} \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1-x}}, & -1 < x < 1 \\ \text{No existence, } & x = \pm 1 \end{cases}$$

$$(b) \quad f'(1) = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{f(1) - f(1-\varepsilon)}{\varepsilon} = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{\pi}{2} - \sqrt{2\varepsilon - \varepsilon^2} - \arcsin(1-\varepsilon)}{\varepsilon}$$

$$= \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\frac{\varepsilon-1}{\sqrt{2\varepsilon-\varepsilon^2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\varepsilon-\varepsilon^2}}}{1} = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\varepsilon}{\sqrt{2\varepsilon-\varepsilon^2}} = 0$$





$$I = \iint_D x^2 + y^2 dx dy = \int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^x x^2 + y^2 dy dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 x^2 y + \frac{1}{3} y^3 \Big|_{x^2}^x dx$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{4}{3} x^3 - x^4 - \frac{1}{3} x^6 dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} x^4 - \frac{1}{5} x^5 - \frac{1}{21} x^7 \Big|_0^1$$

$$= \frac{2}{35}$$